

Current Transducer LA 55-P/SP23

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).







16024

EleWctrical data

Primary nominal curr	rent rms		50			Α
Primary current, mea	asuring range		0	± 70		Α
Measuring resistance	e @	T_A	= 70°C	$ T_A = 85$	5°C	
		$R_{\scriptscriptstyle M}$	$_{min}R_{Mmax}$	$R_{\text{M min}}$ I	R _{M max}	
with ± 12 V	@ \pm 50 A _{max}	10	100		95	Ω
	@ ± 70 A _{max}	10	50	60 ¹⁾	60 ¹⁾	Ω
with ± 15 V	@ \pm 50 A _{max}	50	160	135	155	Ω
		50	90	135 ²⁾	135 ²⁾	Ω
Secondary nominal			50			mΑ
Conversion ratio			1:	1000		
Supply voltage (± 5	%)		± 1	2 15		V
Current consumption	1		10	(@ ± 15 '	V) + I _S	mΑ
	Primary current, mea Measuring resistance with ± 12 V with ± 15 V Secondary nominal of Conversion ratio Supply voltage (± 5		Primary current, measuring range Measuring resistance @ T_A R_M with \pm 12 V @ \pm 50 A $_{max}$ 10 @ \pm 70 A $_{max}$ 50 with \pm 15 V @ \pm 50 A $_{max}$ 50 Secondary nominal current rms Conversion ratio Supply voltage (\pm 5 %)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ @ $\pm 15 V (\pm 5 \%)$	± 0.45		%
	@ ± 12 15 V (± 5 %)	± 0.70		%
$\varepsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle \rm I}$	Linearity error	< 0.15		%
_		Тур	Max	
Io	Offset current @ $I_P = 0$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		± 0.10	mA
I _{OM}	Magnetic offset current $^{3)}$ @ $I_P = 0$ and specified R_M ,			
	after an overload of 3 x I		± 0.30	mA
I _{OT}	Temperature variation of I _o 0°C + 70°C	± 0.1	± 0.25	mA
	- 25°C + 85°C	± 0.1	± 0.60	mA
	- 40°C 25°C	± 0.2	± 1.0	mA
t _{ra}	Reaction time to 10 % of I _{PN} step	< 500		ns
t,	Response time to 90 % of I _{PN} step	< 1		μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 200		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC 2	200	kHz

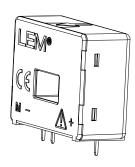
General data

T _A T _S	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature		- 40 + 85 - 40 + 90	°C
R _s	Secondary coil resistance	@ $T_A = 70^{\circ}C$ @ $T_{\Delta} = 85^{\circ}C$	80 85	Ω
m	Mass Standards		18 EN 50178: 1997	g

Notes: 1) Measuring range limited to ± 60 A

- $^{2)}$ Measuring range limited to \pm 55 A
- ³⁾ Result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit.

$I_{PN} = 50 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- · Printed circuit board mounting
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special fetures

- $X = \pm 0.45 \% @ \pm 15 V (\pm 5 \%)$
- $I_0 = \pm 0.1 \text{ mA}$
- $I_{OT} = \pm 0.25 \text{ mA max } (0^{\circ}\text{C ..} + 70^{\circ}\text{C}).$

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- · Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
 (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.



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Isolation characteristics			
\mathbf{V}_{d}	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	2.5	kV
v w	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	5.7	kV
		Min	
dCp	Creepage distance	5	mm
dCI	Clearance distance	5	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	175	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{_{\mathbf{W}}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	500 V	500 V
Reinforced isolation	250 V	250 V

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

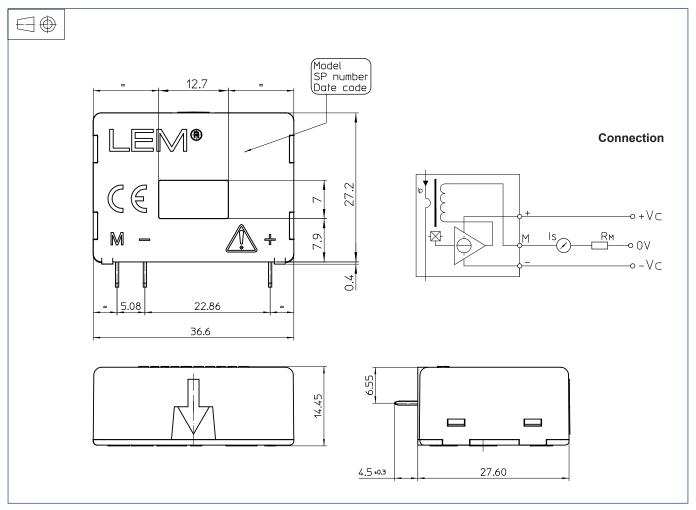
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LA 55-P/SP23 (in mm.)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Primary through-hole

Fastening & connection of secondary

• Recommended PCB hole

± 0.2 mm 12.7 x 7 mm 3 pins 0.63 x 0.56 mm

0.9 mm

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 90°C.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- In order to achieve the best magnetic coupling, the primary windings have to be wound over the top edge of the device.